Safety Data Sheet			mber: DMN0430		
Section 1 - Identification Product Name: Bleach 5%, Daco Liquid sodium hypochlorite. Revised: 6/22/15					
Damon Industries, Inc.	1-800-362-9850	odium hypochlorite.	Revised: 6/22/15		
12435 Rockhill Ave NE Alliance, Ohio 44601	1-330-821-5310 1-330-821-6355 Fax		053 (U.S. & Canada)		
U.S.A.	info@DamonQ.com		3500 (International)		
	Section 2 - Hazards Id	entification			
Hazard statements: Causes se	osion/Irritation 1; Eye Corrosion evere skin burns and serious er prrosive to metals.		netals 1		
Signal word: Danger Pictogram: Corrosion					
Precautionary statements <u>Prevention</u> Wash hands thoroughly after hai	ndling. Do not broath dusts or r	niete. Koon only in original			
Wear protective gloves such as I					
CENTER for medical advice. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with Continue rinsing. Immediately ca Absorb spillage to prevent mater Storage: Store in corrosive resisted Disposal: Dispose of contents in	all a POISON CENTER. ial damage. tant container with a resistant ir	nner liner. Store locked up I, national, and internation			
	tion 3 - Composition / Inform				
Ingredient Water		C.A.S. No. 7732-18-5	Concentration 95%		
Sodium hypochlorite		7782-50-5	5%		
	Section 4 - First Aid	Measures			
Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously we Continue rinsing, lifting upper an Skin Contact: With concentrate contaminated clothing and shoes skin with soap and water. If irritation inhalation: Move the affected per son ngestion: If the affected person inger down victim's throat. Get r	d lower eyelids occasionally. In immediately flush exposed ski s immediately. With dilutions re tion persists, get medical attent erson to fresh air. If irritation pe n is conscious, give a glass of w	nmediately call a POISON n with running water for 15 move contaminated clothi tion. Wash contaminated or rsists get medical attentio	CENTER. 5 minutes. Remove ng and wash exposed clothing before reuse. n.		
inger down vicuiti s tritoat. Get i	Section 5 - Fire-Fightin	a Moasuros			
Extinguishing Media: Any Unusual Fire And Explosion Haza	ards: Reacts with many substance	Special Fire F s causing heat, fire or explos	ighting Procedures: None sions.		
	Section 6 - Accidental Rel	ease Measures			

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Very small spills may be cleaned up with a rag or mop. Larger spills should diked to prevent spreading and then collected into clean pails or drums. Wear proper protective equipment and keep people out of the area.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Do not store at temperatures over 85° F. or below 32° F. Do not store near heat, acids, oxidizers or organics. Store in vented containers or loosen container closure occasionally to vent pressure, more often in warm weather.Do not mix with other cleaners, especially those containing ammonia or acids, because this could produce a dangerous gas (chlorine). If gas is accidentally produced in a toilet, immediately flush the toilet. If gas is accidentally produced in a bucket, immediately put the mixture down a drain with lots of running water if this is safely possible. A bucket could be carried outdoors. Immediately open windows if possible, and if gas is irritating to eyes or lungs, leave the immediate area of the accident. The smell of chlorine is not itself hazardous. If the smell is strong enough to cause any symptoms of irritation or nausea it is hazardous. Avoid prolonged breathing of even slight amounts of gas. In many cases evacuation of the building is NOT necessary unless a large quantity of gas was produced. However, any area where irritation occurs to occupants should be evacuated. Re-enter areas

only when gas has dissipated or with proper protective equipment. If adequate ventilation is not available to dissipate the gas or more than a small amount of chemical was mixed call 911. Assistance is available through our 24 hour emergency 800 number. Your facility should decide upon the appropriate emergency action plan for accidental release of chlorine as a part of your OSHA emergency preparedness plan.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection					
C.A.S. No.	Concentration	TWA(source)	STEL	Ceiling	
7782-50-5	5%	0.5 ppm(3.4)	1 ppm(3,4)	1 ppm(1), 0.5 ppm(2)	
	C.A.S. №. 7782-50-5	C.A.S. No. Concentration 7782-50-5 5%	C.A.S. No. Concentration TWA(source) 7782-50-5 5% 0.5 ppm(3.4)	C.A.S. No. Concentration TWA(source) STEL 7782-50-5 5% 0.5 ppm(3.4) 1 ppm(3,4)	

(1)=OSHA (2)=NIOSH (3)=ACGIH (4)=CANADA TWA=8 hour Time Weighted Average STEL=15 minute TWA Ceiling=Instantaneous **Ventilation:** Good room ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: None.

Gloves: Use rubber or latex gloves when mixing or using. Disposable latex gloves are acceptable.

Eye Protection: If splashing into the eyes is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields.

Other Protective Equipment: None.

Section 9 - Physical and C	hemical Properties
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Appearance and Odor: A light yellow to green clear liquid with chlorine odor.			
Odor Threshold: Not Available	Vapor Pressure: Not Available		
pH: concentrate 9 - 11	Vapor Density: > 1 (Air = 1)		
Melting Point: Not Available	Relative Density (Specific Gravity): 1.1		
Freezing Point: Not Available	Solubility(ies): Water: 100%		
Boiling Point, Initial: 222° F.	Partition coefficient: Not Available		
Boiling Range: Not Available	Auto-ignition Temperature: Not Available		
Flash Point: None. (ASTM D-56 closed cup)	Decomposition Temperature: Not Available		
Evaporation Rate: ~1 (Water = 1)	Viscosity: Same as water		
Flammability: (solid, gas): Not Applicable	Volatiles Percent: 80-90%		
Upper Explosive Limit: None	V.O.C.: 0% - 0 grams/liter		
Lower Explosive Limit: None			

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Incompatibility: Contact with acids will release toxic chlorine gas. Avoid contact with ammonia, oxidizing agents and organic compounds..

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Chlorine, hydrogen chloride and hypochlorous acid vapors.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Primary Routes of Entry: X Skin contact; Skin absorption; X Inhalation; X Ingestion

Potential Health Effects:

Eyes - concentrate and strong solutions cause eye damage. Milder solutions cause irritation and redness. Vapors may cause eye irritation.

Skin - prolonged contact with concentrate and strong solutions can cause skin damage and loss. There is little or no effect if rinsed off thoroughly right away. Milder solutions cause irritation only.

Swallowing - concentrate may result in severe damage to mucous membranes, possible convulsion, coma and death. Dilutions cause irritation and diarrhea.

Breathing - excessive inhalation of vapors can cause coughing and irritation of nose and throat. If chlorine gas is created it can result in severe irritation and death.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Do not dispose of unusable product in the environment.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

<u>Waste Disposal Method</u>: Dispose of up to 1 quart of concentrate in the sanitary sewer with a large amount of water. Larger amounts must be disposed of in an approved landfill. Obey all local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

D.O.T. Hazard Class: Gallons: ORM-D. Larger: UN1791, Hypochlorite solutions, 8, P.G. II

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The components of this product are on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances.

Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA: H:1 F:0 I:1 **HMIS[®] III:** H:2 F:0 P:2 These ratings estimates are to be used only with a fully implemented training program in the workplace. NFPA[®] is a mark registered by the NFPA. HMIS[®] is a mark registered by the NPCA.

Replaces sheet dated 5/14/15. Updated D.O.T. information.

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.